

URRUTIA SPIRITED ABOARD U. S. SHIP

Former Huerta Cabinet Officer Coming to This Country to Be Citizen

**AMERICAN OFFICERS
ARE GREATLY BELIEVED**

Removal of Fleeing Mexican Official Ends Constant Apprehension for His Safety.

VERA CRUZ, May 23.—After 10 days of virtual imprisonment in a hotel where he was held under guard against personal enemies, Dr. Aureliano Urrutia, minister of the interior, was freed from the cabinet and was returning from the capital to escape his enemies' wrath, was quietly taken aboard the United States transport Hancock this afternoon by the American authorities. He will carry him to Galveston.

So quietly was the operation conducted that few outside of those who were normally enlisted in the task of removing the former minister, his wife and six children, and their personal belongings to the transport were aware of the occurrence. The task was assigned to Lieut. Aristides Morones, of duty.

Close Guard by Marines.

Before the trip to the water front began marine guards were posted inconspicuously along the route to be traversed, with squads covering the cross streets and watching windows. Marines were in the automobile, and mounted on the roof of the car.

Even the guests at the hotel and the loungers about the cafe tables under the awnings were given a view of the whole proceeding were not aware of the much-hated Mexican had been kept away until hours after his departure.

Dr. Urrutia was greatly relieved when Lt. Lucius D. Clendenen, who had accompanied Admiral Badger had consented to his passage to the United States on the Hawaiian Mail.

It was with a feeling of sincere gratitude to the American officers for the care they had taken in guarding him that he was able to leave the United States as a tenant that he would seek American citizenship, having abandoned his determination to sail for London.

Dr. Urrutia will for London.

to go to New Orleans, where he would be permanently established a permanent residence and make application for American naturalization. His relief is shared by thousands of American officers, whose military service in the United States has been constant worry. Both officers and men have felt that the honor of the United States is being sacrificed by the fact that Urutia left the country in safety, and they were aware that numerous plots were being hatched in the United States for political leanings for the assassination of Huerta's former minister.

Urutia has not yet been made known on Brig. Gen. Funston that Urutia should be held until order was restored in Mexico. He has been taken to the courts, it being alleged that he was guilty of murder and other high crimes. It is possible that the military investigation of every charge, so far as it was possible under the circumstances, has been completed. It is possible that the military investigation of every charge, so far as it was possible under the circumstances, has been completed. It is possible that the military investigation of every charge, so far as it was possible under the circumstances, has been completed.

The fact that the German minister at Mexico City vouched for Dr. Urrutia to the extent of having said he would to escape from the capital, and in recovering funds and valuables which he had abandoned in his hasty flight, also bore weight with the American officials.

While Urrutia, his wife and two children were spending the night in the hotel, his six other children, a less enviable position. When he learned that only six of his eight would save his life, the plans for his departure were made with such secrecy and haste that only the six youngest of his children could be taken. The others are still in the capital. Presumably they are being held by the revolutionaries and may have been received.

Gen. Velasco Revolts
Against Huerta Regime;
Silliman Still In

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, May 23.—Silliman arrived here by train from Mexico City today. They brought with them an unconfirmed report that Gen.

then recalled to the capital and immediately sent to San Luis Potosi, had secured the release of the American troops with most of the American troops under his command.

Consul John R. Silliman notified Consul General Canada today that he had decided not to start from the capital until Monday day as he was slightly injured.

Americans to Leave.

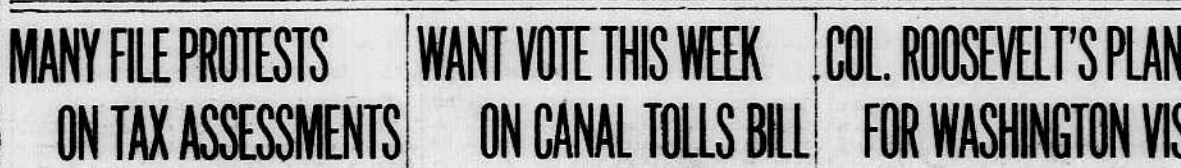
The consulate has received numerous inquiries from Americans who delayed their departure by the last chartered steamer as to arrangements for the future. One of them wrote from the interior asking the consul to notify him in time to escape in case hostilities should break out. A number of Americans are waiting before the consul's orders may be brought before it was called into session today. It is composed of Lieut. Col. Fredrick W.

This commission is said to be the second in the history of the American army, the first having been instituted by Gen. Winfield Scott in Vera Cruz soon after the capture of that city by the United States forces during the invasion of Mexico in 1847.

It is expected that several days will be consumed in arranging the charges, before the first offender is placed on trial.

Cuban Messenger Returns.

Muro, the Cuban messenger sent by Consul William W. Canada to Gen. Gustav Maass to urge the release of Admiral Muro from the Philippine resort, returned here from the capital today. He was believed to have been arrested by the Mexicans, but he stated on his return that he had proceeded to the capital after he had delivered Consul Canada's letter, in order to bring his wife



Will Be in City Nine Hours Tuesday, Including Time for Lecture.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt will be in town less than nine hours Tuesday, including the time that will be devoted to his lecture in Convention Hall before members of the National Geographic Society.

He is allowing time here for but one other appointment—to see the exhibits at the National Geographic Society's anthropologies of his African hunt. He hopes to renew acquaintances for a few moments at the National Press Club.

Statement of His Plans.

The colonel, according to a brief notice of his plans contained in a letter to the *Washington Post*, will arrive in Washington at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. He will stop at the New Willard Hotel and take dinner at the Willard. He will then visit the Smithsonian. In the evening he will deliver his lecture in Convention Hall, and will leave for New York, George K. Cherry

Admission by Ticket. The Geographic Society has been besieged for tickets for the lecture, but only those who had season tickets will be able to get admission. As there were many who were unable to hear the last time Col. Roosevelt spoke in Convention Hall the stage has been enlarged so that about one-third of the seating capacity of the hall can be accommodated. Only about 3,400 persons will be able to get seats. This will deprive those who were unable to hear the first society in Washington of an opportunity to attend the lecture.

MINERS' STRIKE IS LIKELY.

Further Trouble in Kanawha Field.

West Virginia, Expected.

By CARLETON, Va., May 23.—The subcommittee, miners and coal

an agreement on wages and working conditions in the Kanawha coal field decided late today to report to the general committee next Tuesday that they had been unable to formulate a satisfactory scale. This is taken to mean that a

"We have gone as far as we can go," said Thomas Haggarty, international board member, who has been attending

Leaders of the miners say the principal difference was regarding the adoption of the check-off system, a scale for outdoor labor and reaffirmation of the wage agreement of 1913 being looked upon as secondary.

BANDITS KILLED BY POSSE.
Men Who Had Robbed Bank of
\$1,400 Were Pursued.
HUGO, Okla., May 23.—Specials from

men who had robbed a Millerton bank on Thursday of \$1,400 were killed in a battle with a posse last night and that five members of the posse returned to Millerton with the money taken from the bank. The battle is reported to have been

Whether any members of the posse were injured in the fight was not stated.

Before the trip to the water front for close marine guards were posted. Incoming boats were to be frisked, with squads covering the streets and watching windows. Marines followed closely.

Even the guests at the hotel and the luncheon tables under the big veranda portals, which commanded a view of the whole proceeding, were not aware that the guests were being guarded. The guests slipped away until hours after the departure.

Sancti Spiritus was greatly relieved when Lieut. Moreno informed him that Admiral Badger had consented to his passage to the United States on the Hawaiian Islands. Moreno expressed his gratitude to the American officers for the care they had taken in guarding him and said that he would seek American

To Become U. S. Citizen.

Dr. Urrutia declared that he intended to go to New Orleans, where he would probably establish a permanent residence and make application for American naturalization. His relief is shared by the American officers, to whom his presence in Vera Cruz has been a source of constant worry. Both officers and men have felt that the honor of the United States was involved in seeing to it that Urrutia remained in safety, and they were aware that numerous plots were talked of among Mexicans of all political leanings for the assassination of Huerta's former minister.

should be held until order was restored and he could be tried by the Mexican courts, it being alleged that he was guilty of murder and other high crimes. Col. Porter has made a most careful investigation of every charge, so far as it was possible under the circumstances. He found that there was not only nothing to warrant Urrutia's detention for trial by an American court, but that the accusations against him were based

Envoy's Actions Bear Weight.

The fact that the German minister at Mexico City vouched for Dr. Urrutia to the extent of having aided him to escape from the capital, and in recovering funds and valuables which he had abandoned in his hasty flight, also bore weight with the American officers.

While Urrutia, his wife and six children were speeding to Galveston tonight, his six other children occupied

his life, the plans for his unpardonable were made with such secrecy and haste that only the six youngest of his children could be taken. The others are still in the capital. Presumably they are safe, as no reports of their ill-treatment have been received.

American arrived here by train from Mexico City today. They brought with them an unconfirmed report that Gen. Jose Velasco, the federal commander who was defeated at Torreon by Gen. Villa, then recalled to the capital and later

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The consulate has received numerous inquiries from Americans who delayed their departure by the last chartered steamer as to arrangements for the future. One of them wrote from the inter-

break out. A military commission for trial of such offenders as may be brought before it was called into session today. It is composed of Lieut. Col. Tredwell W. Moore of the 7th Infantry; Maj. Joseph D. Leitch of the 28th Infantry; Maj. [unclear] of the 19th Infantry.

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Cuban Messenger Returns.

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